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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<p>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>5</sup> : C07D 401/04, 403/04, 405/14 C07D 401/14, 413/14 A61K 31/505</p>	<p>A1</p>	<p>(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 92/07844</b> (43) International Publication Date: 14 May 1992 (14.05.92)</p>
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/US91/07254 (22) International Filing Date: 10 October 1991 (10.10.91) (30) Priority data: 609,986 6 November 1990 (06.11.90) US (60) Parent Application or Grant (63) Related by Continuation US 609,986 (CON) Filed on 6 November 1990 (06.11.90) (71) Applicant (<i>for all designated States except US</i>): PFIZER INC. [US/US]; Eastern Point Road, Groton, CT 06340 (US).</p>	<p>(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (<i>for US only</i>) : COE, Jotham, Wadsworth [US/US]; 151 Lamphere Road, Mystic, CT 06355 (US). FLIRI, Anton, Franz [AT/US]; 120 McKinley Avenue, Norwich, CT 06360 (US). KANEKO, Takushi [JP/US]; 398 Northwood Drive, Guilford, CT 06437 (US). LARSON, Eric, Robert [US/US]; 162 Lantern Hill Road, Mystic, CT 06355 (US). (74) Agents: LUMB, J., Trevor et al.; Pfizer Inc., Eastern Point Road, Groton, CT 06340 (US). (81) Designated States: AT (European patent), AU, BE (European patent), BR, CA, CH (European patent), CS, DE (Utility model), DE (European patent), DK (European patent), ES (European patent), FI, FR (European patent), GB (European patent), GR (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KR, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), NO, PL, SE (European patent), SU<sup>+</sup>, US.  Published <i>With international search report.</i></p>	
<p>(54) Title: QUINAZOLINES DERIVATIVES FOR ENHANCING ANTITUMOR ACTIVITY</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>2,4-Diaminoquinazoline derivatives as potentiators of chemotherapeutic agents in the treatment of cancer.</p>		

# + DESIGNATIONS OF "SU"

Any designation of "SU" has effect in the Russian Federation. It is not yet known whether any such designation has effect in other States of the former Soviet Union.

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-1-

QUINAZOLINES DERIVATIVES FOR  
ENHANCING ANTITUMOR ACTIVITY

Background of the Invention

5 This invention relates to 2,4-diaminoquinazolines and their use as sensitizers of tumor cells to anti-cancer agents.

10 In cancer chemotherapy the effectiveness of anticancer drugs is often limited by the resistance of tumor cells. Some tumors such as of the colon, pancreas, kidney and liver are generally innately resistant, and other responding tumors often develop resistance during the course of chemotherapy. The  
15 phenomena of multidrug resistance (MDR) is characterized by the tumor cell's cross-resistance to structurally unrelated drugs. The drugs which are the target of resistance include adriamycin, daunomycin, vinblastine, vincristine, actinomycin D and etoposide.  
20 The resistance cells are often associated with over-expression of the mdrl gene. This gene product is a family of 140-220 kd trans-membrane phosphoglycoprotein (P-glycoprotein) which functions as an ATP-dependent efflux pump. Thus, it has been postulated that this  
25 efflux mechanism keeps the intracellular level of the anticancer drug low, allowing the tumor cells to survive.

In recent years various substances such as verapamil, nifedipine and diltiazem have been used in  
30 in vitro experimental systems to reverse the MDR phenomena. More recently some of these agents have

-2-

been tested clinically as MDR reversing agents. Little efficacy has been observed with verapamil or trifluoroperazine. Thus, there is a need for an effective MDR reversing agent.

5       The 2,4-diaminoquinazolines are prepared by known methods utilizing 2,4-dichloroquinazolines [Postovskii and Goncharova, Zh. Obshch. Khim., 32, 3323 (1962)].

10       Curd et al. (J. Chem. Soc., 1947, 775) reported the synthesis of 2,4-dichloroquinazolines from the corresponding 2,4(1H, 3H)quinazolinedione. The Wellcome Foundation discloses 2,4-diaminoquinazolines of general structure D as antibacterials [GB patent 806772 (1958)]. Hess [US 3,511,836 (1970)] patented

15       compounds of structures E, F, and G as antihypertensive agents. Wijbe [GB patent 1,390,014 (1975)] patented a process for compounds of structure H and these compounds are claimed to be antibacterials. Lacefield [US patent 3,956,495 (1976)] describes compounds of the

20       general formula I as antithrombotic agents. Crenshaw [US patent 4,098,788 (1978)] patented a process for the production of compounds of formula J. Hess [European Patent 0,028,473 (1981)] describes chloro- and alkoxy-substituted 2,4-diaminoquinazolines of formula K. Ife

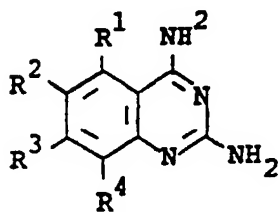
25       et al. describe compounds of general structure L as inhibitors of gastric acid secretion [WO 89/0527 (1989)]. Compounds of structures M and N were published as phosphodiesterase inhibitors [Miller, J. Med. Chem., 28, 12 (1985)]. Richter et al. published

30       compounds of structure O as inhibitors of dihydrofolate reductase [J. Med. Chem., 17, 943 (1974)]. In search

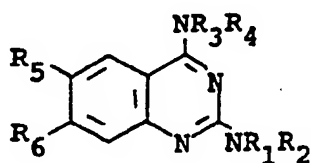
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of compounds with herbicidal activity Miki et al.  
reported the synthesis of 2,4-dialkylaminoquinazolines  
(P) (Chem. Pharm. Bull. 30, 2313 (1982)). Arylazido-  
prazosin (Q) has been shown to bind to P-glycoprotein  
[Safa et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 166, 259  
(1990)].

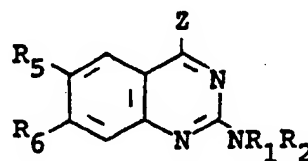
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D



E

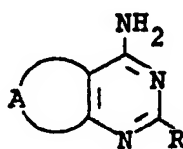


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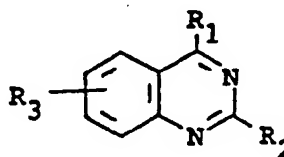
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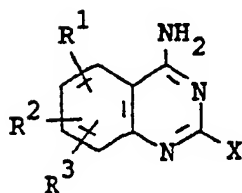


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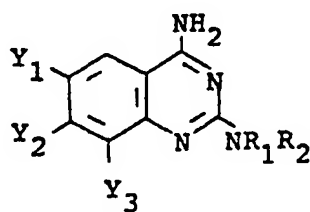


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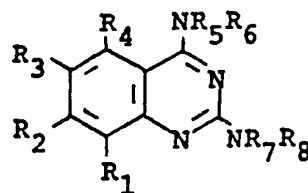
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K

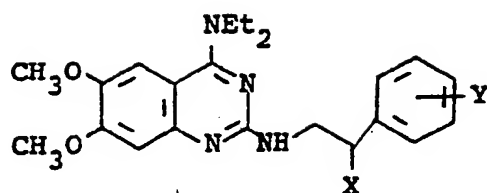


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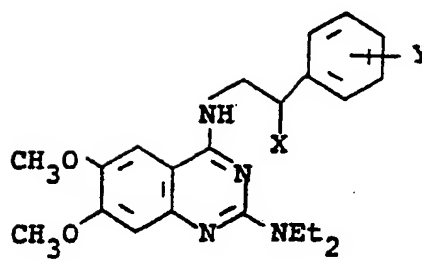
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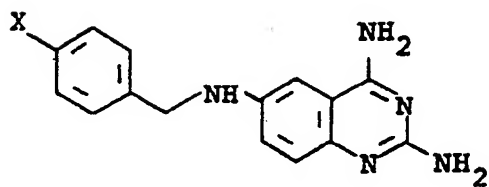


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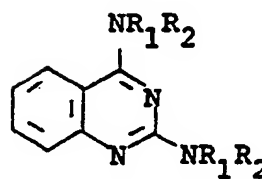
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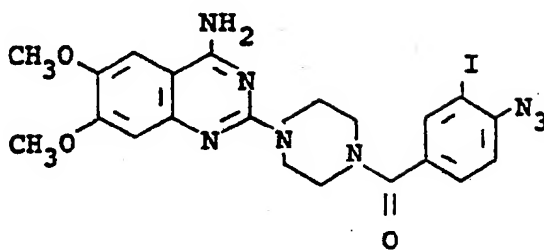
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O



P

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Q

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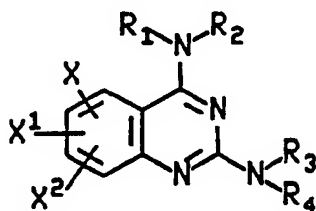
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Summary of the Invention

The compound of the present invention are of the formula

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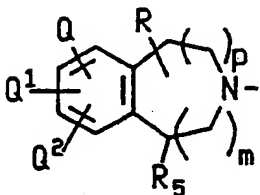
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I

20 or a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof where X and X<sup>1</sup> are each hydrogen, alkyl of one to four carbon atoms, iodo, bromo, nitro, chloro, fluoro, methylthio, amino, alkylamino of one to three carbon atoms, methylsulfinyl, aminomethyl, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sup>+</sup>, dialkylaminomethyl of three  
25 to seven carbon atoms, hydroxymethyl, morpholino, thiomorpholino, benzoylamino, substituted benzoylamino wherein said substituent is azido, methoxy, methyl, fluoro, chloro or trifluoromethyl, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon atoms, 4-methylpiperazino, piperazino, piperidino, pyrrolidino, dialkylamino of two to six carbon atoms or alkoxy of  
30 one to four carbon atoms; X<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl of one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms; X and X<sup>1</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy; R<sub>1</sub> is alkyl having one to four carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of three to seven carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl said alkoxy having one to  
35 three carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon atoms or benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl; R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, alkyl of one to eight carbon atoms or benzyl; R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached  
40 form

-6-

(a) a moiety of the formula



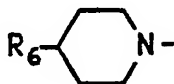
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where Q is hydrogen, alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, hydroxy, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon atoms, alkyl of one to three carbon atoms, bromo, iodo, chloro, fluoro, nitro, morpholino, amino, alkylamino of one to three carbon atoms or dialkylamino of two to six carbon atoms, Q<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>1</sup> and Q<sup>2</sup> together are methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy, R is hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, m is an integer of 0-2, p is an integer of 1-2, R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen or dialkoxybenzyl said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and R and R<sub>5</sub> together are alkylene having one to three carbon atoms,

(b) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-beta-carbol-2-yl or

(c) piperidino of the formula

30



-7-

where  $R_6$  is pyridylmethoxy, alkoxyalkyleneoxy said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having two to three carbon atoms or benzoxazol-2-ylmethyl

(d) octahydroisoindol-2-yl or

5 (e) decahydroisoquinol-2-yl;

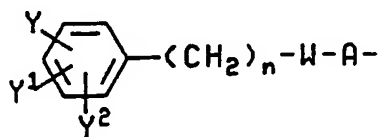
$R_3$  is

(a) cycloalkyl of three to seven carbon atoms,

(b) benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl

(c) aralkyl of the formula

10



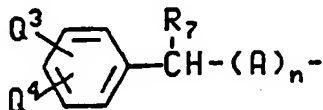
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wherein  $n$  is an integer of 1 or 0,  $W$  is O, S or a chemical bond,  $A$  is alkylene of one to four carbon atoms,  $Y$  is hydrogen, alkyl of one to three carbon atoms, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, benzyloxy, nitro, dimethylamino or amino,  $Y^1$  is hydrogen, alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy or benzyloxy,  $Y^2$  is hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and  $Y$  and  $Y^1$  together are methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy,

25

(d) aralkyl of the formula

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-8-

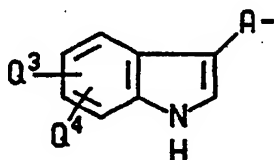
where R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy, alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms or C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>O, n is 1, t is an integer of 1 or 0, A is alkylene of one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together  
 5 are methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy,

(e) pyridylalkyl said alkyl having one to four carbon atoms,

(f) alkoxyalkyl said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon atoms,

10 (g) indolylalkyl of the formula

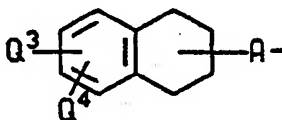
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20 where A is alkylene of one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(h) tetrahydronaphthalene of the formula

25



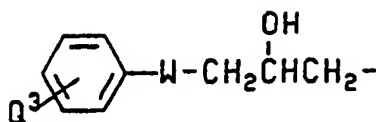
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where A is alkylene of one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy;

-9-

(i) aralkanol of the formula

5

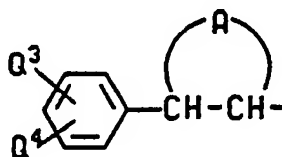


10 where W is O, S or a chemical bond and Q<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms,

(j) 2,3-dihydro-2-hydroxyinden-1-yl,

(k) aracycloalkyl of the formula

15

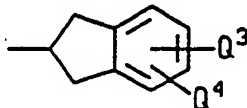


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wherein A is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(l) indene of the formula

30



35

-10-

wherein Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

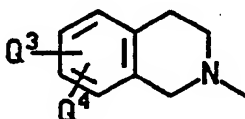
(m) naphthyl or

5 (n) 1-methylpyrrol-2-yl;

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or alkyl of one to eight carbon atoms and R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form

(a) a tetrahydroisoquinoline of the formula

10



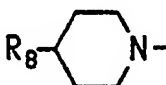
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where Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy,

20

(b) piperidino of the formula

25



wherein R<sub>8</sub> is benzyl, alkoxyalkyleneoxy said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having two to three carbon atoms or alkyl sulfonamide of the formula

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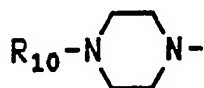
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where  $R_9$  is alkyl of one to four carbon atoms

(c) 3-methyl-3-phenylpiperidino or

(d) piperazino of the formula

5



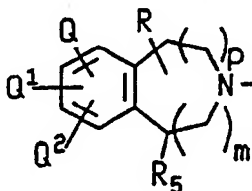
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where  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen, alkoxycarbonyl of two to six carbon atoms, acyl of one to six carbon atoms, hydroxyalkoxycarbonyl of three to six carbon atoms, furoyl, benzoxazol-2-yl, pyrimid-2-yl or benzodioxan-2-ylcarbonyl.

15

A preferred group of compounds are those where  $X$  and  $X^1$  are each alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms,  $X^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula

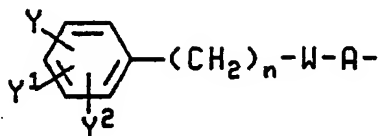
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-12-

where  $Q^1$  is alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, R and  $R_3$  are each hydrogen, p is 1, m is 0,  $R_2$  is aralkyl of the formula



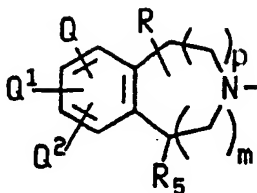
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where  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2$  are each methoxy, n is 0, W is a chemical bond, A is ethylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen. Especially preferred within this group are the compounds where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 5-hydroxy,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 2-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 3-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 2-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 3-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q and  $Q^2$  are each hydrogen,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 5-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is 2-bromo,  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 5-methoxy, where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy and where X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy.

A second group of preferred compounds are those where  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together

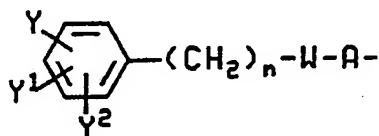
-13-

with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



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where Q and Q<sup>1</sup> are each alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R and R<sub>5</sub> are each hydrogen, p is 1, m is 0, R<sub>3</sub> is aralkyl of the formula

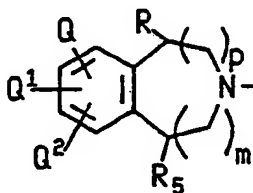


wherein Y<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, n is 0, W is a chemical bond and A is ethylene and R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen. Especially preferred within this group are compound where X is 5-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 2-chloro and Y<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, where X is 5-chloro, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 2-chloro and Y<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, where X is 5-methyl, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy and where X is 6-dimethylamino, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy.

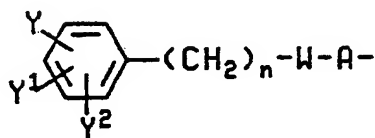
A third group of preferred compounds are those where X and X<sup>1</sup> are each alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms, X<sup>2</sup> is

-14-

hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



where  $Q^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_5$  is hydrogen,  $p$  is 1-2,  $R_3$  is aralkyl of the formula

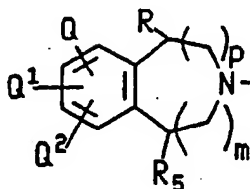


where  $Y$  and  $Y^1$  are each alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms,  $Y^2$  is hydrogen,  $n$  is 0,  $W$  is a chemical bond,  $A$  is ethylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen. Especially preferred within this group are compounds where  $X$  is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q$  and  $Q^1$  are each hydrogen,  $p$  is 1,  $R$  is methoxy,  $m$  is 0,  $Y$  is 2-methoxy and  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy, where  $X$  is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q$  and  $Q^1$  are each hydrogen,  $p$  is 2,  $R$  is hydrogen,  $m$  is 1,  $Y$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy and where  $X$  is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q$  is 7-amino,  $Q^1$  is hydrogen,  $R$  is hydrogen,  $m$  is 0,  $p$  is 1,  $Y$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy.

A fourth group of preferred compounds those where  $X$  and  $X^1$  are each alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when

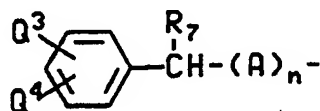
-15-

take together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



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where Q and Q<sup>1</sup> are each alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R and R<sub>5</sub> are each hydrogen, p is 1, m is 0, R<sub>5</sub> is aralkyl of the formula



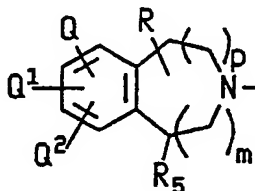
where Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms, R<sub>7</sub> is methoxy, n is 1, A is methylene and R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen. Especially preferred within this group is the compound where X is 6-methoxy, X<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-fluoro, R is methoxy, Q<sup>3</sup> is 2-methoxy and Q<sup>4</sup> is 3-methoxy.

A fifth group of preferred compounds are those where X<sup>1</sup> is alkoxy of one to four carbon atoms, X<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sub>1</sub> and

30

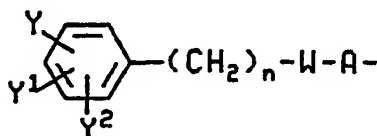
-16-

R<sub>2</sub> when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



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where Q and Q<sup>1</sup> are each alkoxy of one to three carbon atoms,  
 15 Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, p is 1, m is 0, R<sub>3</sub> is aralkyl of the formula



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where Y<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, n is 0, W is a chemical bond, A is  
 25 ethylene and R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen. Especially preferred within this group is the compound where X is 6-chloro, X<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, R and R<sub>5</sub> are each hydrogen, Y is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy.

The present invention also includes a method of  
 30 inhibiting a P-glycoprotein in a mammal in need of such treatment which comprises administering to said mammal a P-glycoprotein inhibiting amount of a compound of formula I. Preferred is the method where the mammal is a human suffering from cancer and said compound is administered before,  
 35 with or after the administration to said human of an anticancer effective amount of a chemotherapeutic agent.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-17-

Also included is a pharmaceutical composition for administration to a mammal which comprises a P-glycoprotein inhibiting amount of a compound of formula I, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and, optionally, an anticancer effective amount of a chemotherapeutic agent.

As previously indicated, the compounds of formula I form pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts. Said pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts include, but are not limited to, those with HCl, HBr, HNO<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, p-CH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, gluconic acid, tartaric acid, maleic acid and succinic acid. In the case of those compounds of the formula (I) which contain a further basic nitrogen, it will, of course, be possible to form diacid addition salts (e.g., the dihydrochloride) as well as the usual monoacid addition salt.

As one skilled in the art recognized, compounds of formula I have the potential for containing asymmetric carbon atoms. All these potential isomers are considered within the scope of the present invention.

The terms "alkyl" and "alkylene" are meant to embrace both straight chained and branched members.

-18-

Detailed Description of the Invention

Compounds of the present invention are prepared with the reaction of a 2,4-dichloroquinazoline with an equivalent of an appropriate amine,  $R_1R_2NH$ , followed by the reaction of the product, a 2-chloro-4-aminoquinazoline derivative, with a second equivalent of an appropriate amine,  $R_3R_4NH$ .

In a more detailed description of the procedure, one molar equivalent of an optionally substituted 2,4-dichloroquinazoline and one molar equivalent of a tertiary amine-acid scavenger, such as triethylamine, N-methylmorpholine or diethylisopropylamine and one molar equivalent of an amine,  $R_1R_2NH$ , are combined in an anhydrous solvent such as dimethylacetamide, dioxane or N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone and maintained at from 0°C to about 25°C for a period of 1 to 48 hours.

The reaction mixture can be filtered and the filtrate concentrated to dryness in vacuo, or the reaction mixture can be quenched in water and the intermediate product either filtered or extracted with a water immiscible solvent such as methylene chloride or ethyl acetate. Removal of the extracting solvent provides the desired product. Frequently, the residual can be induced to crystallize by trituration with an organic solvent, and further purified by recrystallization or column chromatography.

The second step of the sequence leading to the products of the present invention consists of combining one molar equivalent of the appropriate 2-chloro-4-aminoquinazoline with either two molar equivalents of

-19-

an amine,  $R_3R_4NH$ , or one equivalent of said amine and one equivalent of a tertiary amine-acid scavenger as described above in a reaction-inert solvent such as ethoxyethoxyethanol, butanol, amyl alcohol or cyclohexanol for a period of 5 minutes to several hours at reaction temperatures of 100-200°C.

The reaction mixture can be cooled to room temperature and treated with a 1-N solution of an appropriate acid, such as hydrochloric acid to give a precipitate of the desired product as the hydrochloride salt. Other acids would give the corresponding acid addition salt. In instances where the acid addition salt does not precipitate the free base product can be isolated by chromatographing the crude material on silica gel using an eluant such as chloroform, ethyl acetate, diethyl ether, methanol methylene chloride, ethanol or mixtures thereof and subsequently converted to the acid addition salt product. The products are isolated by removing the eluting solvents in vacuo. Purification of the product can be done by recrystallization.

Generation of the free base from an acid addition salt can readily be carried out by treating an aqueous solution or suspension of the salt with at least one equivalent of an organic or inorganic base followed by extraction of the free base product with a water immiscible solvent such as ethyl acetate or methylene chloride. Removal of the solvent gives the desired base.

Compounds of formula I are inhibitors of the functions of P-glycoprotein, particularly human mdr 1 protein or P-glycoprotein related and membrane associate proteins which are participating in the

-20-

transport of xenobiotics or proteins across membranes  
e.g., cell membranes of eukariotic and proeukariotic  
origin e.g., pmfdr, however not exclusive or restricted  
to these examples.

5       Compounds enclosed in general formula I are useful  
in combination chemotherapy of cancer, malaria, viral  
infections such as AIDS, in therapy of septic shock  
syndrome or inflammation and may be useful in enhancing  
10       the tissue penetration of drugs where the penetration  
of these xenobiotics is limited due to the presence of  
P-glycoprotein or P-glycoprotein related functional  
proteins. Compounds of formula I increase the  
activity/efficacy of adriamycin, daunomycin, etoposide,  
15       epipodophyllotoxin congeners, actinomycin D, emetin,  
vincristin, vinblastin, chloroquine, antracyclin  
antibiotics and of drugs which are structurally and  
functionally related to the above mentioned examples,  
in particular when the activity of these drugs has been  
20       shown to be limited due to the presence and function of  
P-glycoprotein, e.g. human mdr 1 protein or  
P-glycoprotein related proteins.

The compounds of the present invention are  
evaluated as potentiators of chemotherapeutic agents  
25       using a Cellular Drug Retention Assay. This assay was  
designed to study the effect of compounds on cellular  
retention of radiolabeled drug. In this case  
14C-adriamycin retention by multidrug resistant human  
carcinoma cells, KBV1, is measured.

30       KBV1 cells are routinely grown in tissue culture  
as monolayers in DMEM high glucose medium containing

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-21-

1 ug/ml vinblastine 10% heat inactivated fetal calf serum and supplemented with Glutamine, Pen-Strep and Garamycin.

5       The assay protocol (described below) should be applicable, with minor modifications, to a wide variety of cell lines grown in tissue culture.

Assay Protocol:

10       (1) Seed replicate 6-well tissue culture plates with  $1.2 \times 10^6$  cells per 2 ml per well in absence of Vinblastine;

(2) Incubate 24 hrs at 37 degrees in humidified incubator (5% CO<sub>2</sub>);

15       (3) Aspirate off the spent media and overlay monolayers with 2 ml/well of fresh medium that is 2 uM in Adriamycin (2 uM unlabeled Adriamycin + 20000 cpm of <sup>14</sup>C-Adr) and the test agent at concentrations varying from 0 to 100 uM;

20       (4) Following incubation for 3 hours at 37 degrees in humidified incubator, remove media and wash monolayers twice with 2 ml of ice-cold buffered saline;

25       (5) Detach monolayers using 0.5 ml of trypsin/EDTA, collect detached cells and transfer to scintillation vial. Rinse wells once with 0.5 ml of buffered saline and add to same vial containing cells;

(6) Add 5 ml of Beckman Ready-Safe scintillation fluid to vial, vortex and determine radioactivity per sample using a scintillation counter (10 minutes per sample);

30       (7) For background control: pre-incubate monolayers at 4 degrees for 15 minutes then remove

-22-

media and add fresh ice-cold media containing Adr (see step 3). Following incubation for 3 hours at 4 degrees remove media and wash monolayers twice with 2 ml ice-cold buffered saline, then proceed as in step 5;

5

(8) Results are expressed as T/C and ED3x values as defined below:

T/C = pmoles Adr per 10E6 cells treated with test agent/

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pmoles Adr per 10E6 untreated cells  
ED3x = concentration of test agent that produces a 3 fold increase in cellular accumulation of radiolabeled Adr, i.e. T/C = 3.

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Calculations:

Specific cpm = [sample cpm - background cpm]

Specific activity = [cpm/total conc. of Adr]

pmoles Adr = [specific cpm/specific activity]

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pmoles Adr per 10E6 cells = [(pmoles Adr per well/number of cells per well) x 10E6 cells]

As previously mentioned compounds of the present invention and salts thereof are useful in potentiating the anticancer effects of chemotherapeutic agents.

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Such agents can include adriamycin, daunomycin, aclacinomycin A, actinomycin C, actinomycin D, mithramycin, toyomycin, vinblastine, maytansine, bruceantin, homoharintonin, anguindin, neocarcinostatin, mitomycin C and anthramycin.

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The compounds of the present invention can be administered with, 24 hours before or up to 72 hours after the administration of the chemotherapeutic

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-23-

agents. When administered with said agents, they can be taken either separately or coadministered in the same formulation.

5       The compounds of the present invention whether taken separately or in combination with an anti-cancer agent, are generally administered in the form of pharmaceutical compositions comprising at least one of the compounds of formula I and optionally a chemo-  
10       therapeutic agent, together with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle or diluent. Such compositions are generally formulated in a conventional manner utilizing solid or liquid vehicles or diluents as appropriate to the mode of desired administration: for oral admini-  
15       stration, in the form of tablets, hard or soft gelatin capsules, suspensions, granules, powders and the like, and, for parenteral administration, in the form of injectable solutions or suspensions, and the like.

20       For use in the potentiation of anti-cancer agents in a mammal, including man, a compound of formula I is given in an amount of about 0.5-100 mg/kg/day, in single or divided doses. A more preferred dosage range is 2-50 mg/kg/day, although in particular cases, at the discretion of the attending physician, doses outside  
25       the broader range may be required. The preferred route of administration is generally oral, but parenteral administration (e.g. intramuscular, intravenous, intradermal) will be preferred in special cases, e.g., where oral absorption is impaired as by disease, or  
30       where the patient is unable to swallow.

-24-

The present invention is illustrated by the following examples, but is not limited to the details or scope thereof.

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-25-

EXAMPLE 1

2-(N-Methyl-3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamino)-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinol-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline hydrochloride (I:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = H$ ;  $R_1R_2N = 6,7-(CH_3O)_2-1,2,3,4$ -tetrahydroisoquinol-2-yl;  $R_3 = 3,4(CH_3O)_2$ phenethyl; and  $R_4 = CH_3$ )

A. 2-chloro-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinol-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline

To 26.59 g of 2,4-dichloro-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline and 20.39 g of triethylamine in 250 ml of warm dimethylacetamide was added 23.1 g of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinoline in 300 ml of dry dimethylacetamide and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperatures under exclusion of moisture for 16 hours. The precipitate was filtered and the filtrate concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure. The residual product was recrystallized from methanol, 40.6 g, m.p. 183-186°C.

B. 2-(N-methyl-3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamino)-4-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6,7-dimethoxyisoquinol-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline hydrochloride

A mixture of 840 mg of the product of Example 1A and 1.28 g of N-methyl-3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamine in 1 ml of ethoxyethoxyethanol was stirred under an inert atmosphere for 1 hour at 150°C. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and passed through a column packed with 30 g of silica gel under 2.5 atmosphere of nitrogen pressure with 500 ml of chloroform. The product was eluted with 2% (V:V) methanol in chloroform. The fraction containing the

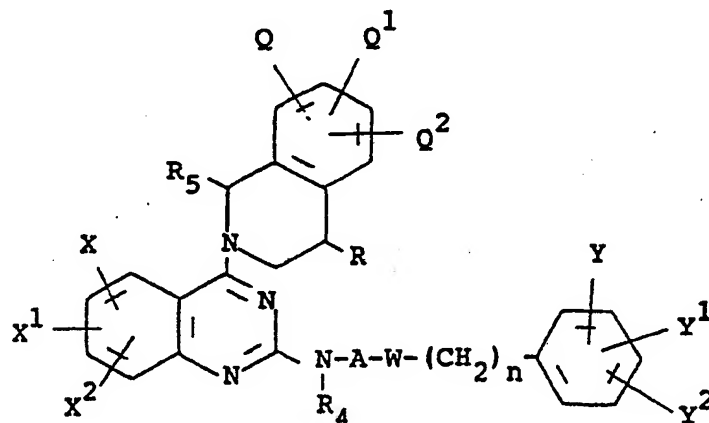
SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-26-

product (Rf 0.47 10% methanol in chloroform on silica)  
 was concentrated in vacuo and the crude residue  
 crystallized from 1N hydrochloric acid in methanol-  
 water (1:1, V:V); 271 mg, m.p. 190-192°C,  $M^+ = 575.40$ .

EXAMPLES 2-71

Employing the procedure of Example 1 and starting  
 with the appropriate starting reagents, the following  
 compounds were prepared as their hydrochloride salt  
 unless otherwise indicated:



Example 2:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{--}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{--}$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $n = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 194-195°C,  $M^+ 560.20$ .

Example 3:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{--}(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{--}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $n = 0$ ;  
 $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 185-186°C,  
 $M^+ 500.30$ .

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-27-

- Example 4:  $X = 6\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $121\text{-}122^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 588.30$ .
- 5 Example 5:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y, Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $219\text{-}226^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 500.20$ .
- 10 Example 6:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y, Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $199\text{-}201^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 440.20$ .
- Example 7:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $140\text{-}142^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 471.00$ .
- 15 Example 8:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $232.5\text{-}234^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 531.00$ .
- 20 Example 9:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH}_2\text{CH(CH}_3\text{)-}$ ;  $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 1$ ;  $Y, Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $105\text{-}107^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 545.00$ .
- Example 10:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-I}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-I}$ ; and  $Y^2 = 6\text{-I}$ ; m.p.  $175\text{-}180^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 894.90$ .
- 25 Example 11:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $113\text{-}115.5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 531.00$ .
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-28-

Example 12:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $204\text{-}205^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  471.00.

5 Example 13:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $130\text{-}132.5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  535.00.

10 Example 14:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; m.p.  $217\text{-}218^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  591.10.

15 Example 15:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $108\text{-}109.5^\circ\text{C}$  (free base),  $M^+$  501.3.

20 Example 16:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $123.5\text{-}124.5^\circ\text{C}$  (free base),  $M^+$  441.20.

Example 17:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{S}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 1$ ;  $Y, Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $112\text{-}114^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  533.2.

25 Example 18:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-NO}_2$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $210\text{-}213^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  546.3.

30

-29-

Example 19:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p.  $108\text{--}111^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 561.00$ .

5 Example 20:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p.  $234\text{--}235^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 561.40$ .

10 Example 21:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-Cl}$ ; and  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p.  $111\text{--}113^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 535.30$ .

15 Example 22:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p.  $201\text{--}203^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 561.40$ .

20 Example 23:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-CH}_3$ ; and  $Y^1$  and  
 $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $230\text{--}323^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 515.4$ .

25 Example 24:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R,$   
 $R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $X = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $180\text{--}182^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 591.10$ .

30 Example 25:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p.  $105\text{--}210^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 545.00$ .

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-30-

- Example 26:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 5 m.p.  $109\text{-}111^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 531.00$ .
- Example 27:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Br}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 m.p.  $176\text{-}179^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 641.10$ .
- 10 Example 28:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $208\text{-}209^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 501.10$ .
- Example 29:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-Cl}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 15 m.p.  $135\text{-}138^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 569.30$ .
- Example 30:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_5 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}_2^-$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 20  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $156\text{-}159^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 711.40$ .
- Example 31:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 25  $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $126.5\text{-}128^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 535.00$ .
- Example 32:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 30  $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $218\text{-}219^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+ 535.00$ .

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-31-

Example 33:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $120\text{-}122^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $M^+$  551.30.

5 Example 34:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ,  $Y + Y^1 = 3,4\text{-CH}_2\text{OCH}_2^-$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 $231.5\text{-}233^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  545.30.

10 Example 35:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = 0$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p.  $115\text{-}119^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  547.30.

15 Example 36:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -\text{CH}_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  
 $Y^2 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; m.p.  $176.5\text{-}178.5^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  577.40.

20 Example 37:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-OH}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $138\text{-}142^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  561.30.

25 Example 38:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  
 $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-OH}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p.  $232\text{-}235^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  547.30.

30 Example 39:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  
 $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $125.5\text{-}141.4^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $M^+$  471.20.

-32-

Example 40:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 5 m.p. 204-206°C,  $M^+$  713.60.

Example 41:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 189.5-191.5°C,  $M^+$  501.30.

10 Example 42:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 195-196°C,  $M^+$  561.30.

15 Example 43:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 189-191°C,  $M^+$  515.30.

20 Example 44:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 212-215°C,  $M^+$  531.00.

25 Example 45:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(-\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 221-223°C,  $M^+$  505.20.

30 Example 46:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = -(\text{CH}_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 m.p. 206-208°C,  $M^+$  531.20.

-33-

Example 47:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH(CH}_3\text{)CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y, Y^1, Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $198\text{-}200^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  529.00.

Example 48:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $155\text{-}156^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$

Example 49:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ,  $Y, Y^1, R^1 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $169\text{-}171^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $M^+$  487.00.

Example 50:  $X = 6\text{-F}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-F}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $112\text{-}114^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  537.3.

Example 51:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-F}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $225\text{-}227^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  519.30.

Example 52:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_4 = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $201\text{-}203^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  545.40.

Example 53:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_4 = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-CH}_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O-}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  $167\text{-}168^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $M^+$  485.30.

-34-

Example 54:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 4\text{-OH}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

5 m.p. 151-153°C,  $M^+$  517.30.

Example 55:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-NO}_2$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

m.p. 212-214°C,  $M^+$  546.30.

10 Example 56:  $X, X^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $X^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

m.p. 90-92°C (free base),  $M^+$  531.30.

15 Example 57:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 212-214°C,  $M^+$  489.00

20 Example 58:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

Example 59:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

25 m.p. 197-198.5°C,  $M^+$  531.00.

Example 60:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;

30 m.p. 146-149°C,  $M^+$  561.30.

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-35-

Example 61:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 7\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p. 190-193°C,  $M^+$  535.00.

5 Example 62:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p. 199-200°C,  $M^+$  531.00.

10 Example 63:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 2\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 210-211°C,  $M^+$  505.30.

15 Example 64:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 138-140°C,  $M^+$  635.00.

20 Example 65:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 178-180°C,  $M^+$  591.50.

25 Example 66:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O-}$ ;  $R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 86-88°C,  $M^+$  575.40.

30 Example 67:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O-}$ ;  $R_4, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $A = \text{-(CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ;  $W = \text{(-)}$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Y^1 = 4\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ; and  $Y^2 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 168-169°C,  $M^+$  605.40.

-36-

Example 68:  $X = H$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = 8-CH_3O$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = H$ ;  $A = -(CH_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3-CH_3O$ ;  $Y^1 = 4-CH_3O$ ; and  $Y^2 = H$ ; m.p. 138-140°C,  $M^+$  561.40.

Example 69:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = H$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = 8-CH_3O$ ;  $A = -(CH_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3-CH_3O$ ;  $Y^1 = 4-CH_3O$ ; and  $Y^2 = H$ ; m.p. 157-158°C,  $M^+$  591.30.

Example 70:  $X = H$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = 8-CH_3O$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = H$ ;  $A = -(CH_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3-CH_3O$ ;  $Y^1 = 4-CH_3O$ ; and  $Y^2 = H$ ; m.p. 147.5-151°C,  $M^+$  561.40.

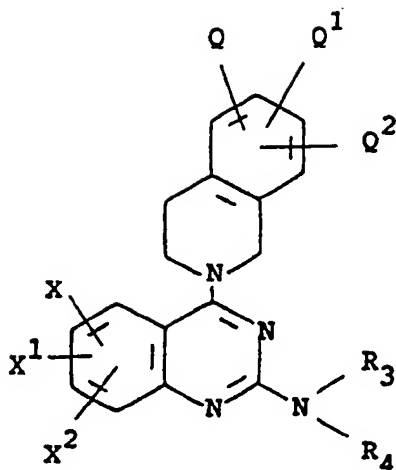
Example 71:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = H$ ;  $R, R_4, R_5 = H$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = H$ ;  $A = -(CH_2)_2^-$ ;  $W = (-)$ ;  $\underline{n} = 0$ ;  $Y = 3-CH_3O$ ;  $Y^1 = 4-OH$ ; and  $Y^2 = H$ ; m.p. 169-171.5°C,  $M^+$  487.20.

#### EXAMPLES 72-106

Using the procedure of Example 1, and starting with the requisite reagents, the following compounds were prepared as their hydrochloride salts unless

-37-

indicated otherwise:

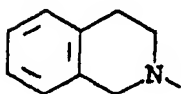


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Example 72:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

20

$R_3NR_4 =$



m.p. 181-182°C  
 $M^+$  452.20

25

Example 73:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

30

$R_3NR_4 =$



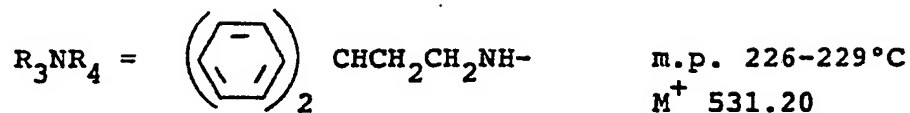
$\text{CHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH-}$

m.p. 224-225°C  
 $M^+$  531.20

-38-

Example 74:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

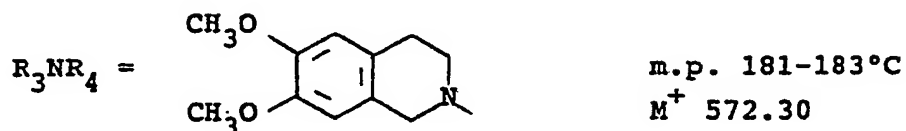
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10

Example 75:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

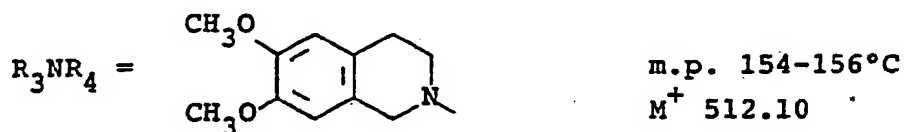
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20

Example 76:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

25



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-39-

Example 77:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

5

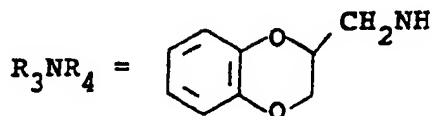


m.p. 145.5-148°C  
 $M^+$  527.00

10

Example 78:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

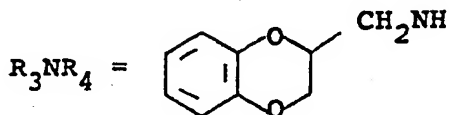
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m.p. 170-171°C  
 $M^+$  573.20

20

Example 79:  $X = 6\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



m.p. 196-200°C  
 $M^+$  573.20

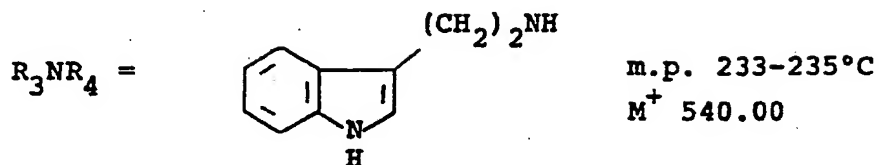
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-40-

Example 80:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

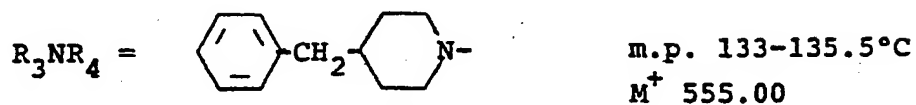
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10

Example 81:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

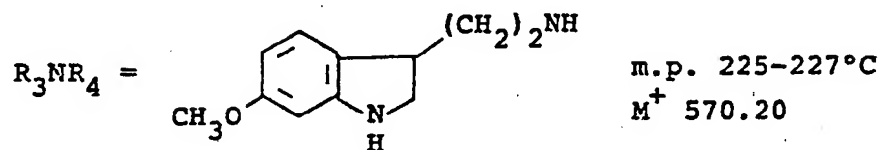
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20

Example 82:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

25

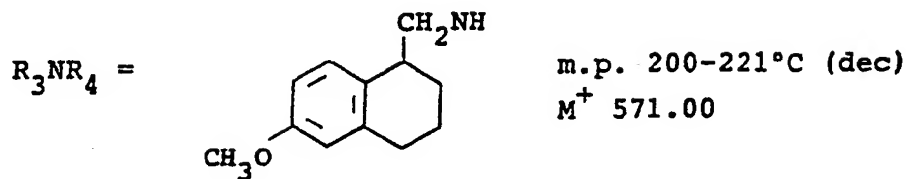


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-41-

Example 83:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

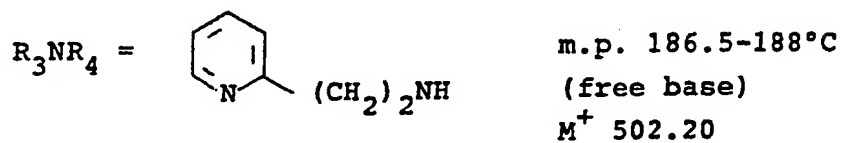
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10

Example 84:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

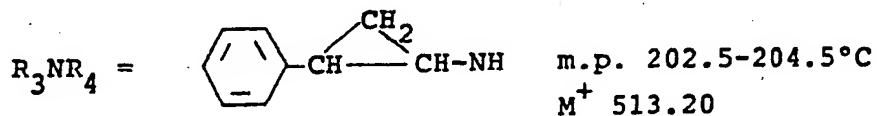
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20

Example 85:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

25

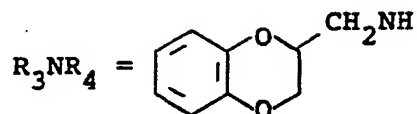


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-42-

Example 86:  $X, X^1, X^2 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  
 $Q^2 = H$ ;

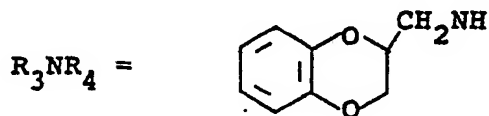
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m.p. 158-159°C  
 (free base)  
 $M^+$  484.53

10

Example 87:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = 8-CH_3O$ ;  
 $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = H$ ;

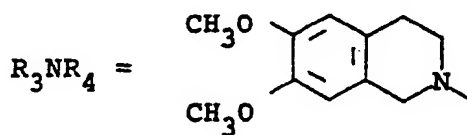


m.p. 214-217°C  
 $M^+$  574.3

15

Example 88:  $X, X^1, X^2 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  
 $Q^2 = H$ ;

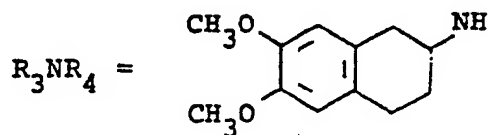
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m.p. 148-150°C  
 (free base)  
 $M^+$  512.2

25

Example 89:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = H$ ;  
 $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = H$ ;



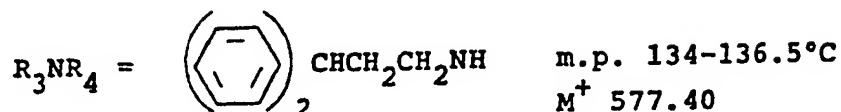
m.p. 163-167°C  
 $M^+$  587.30

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-43-

Example 90:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

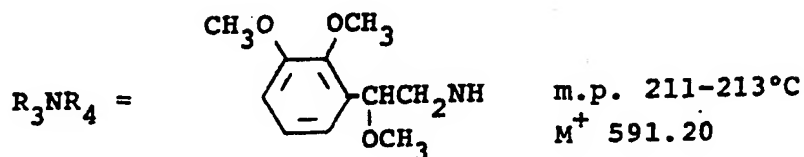
5



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Example 91:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

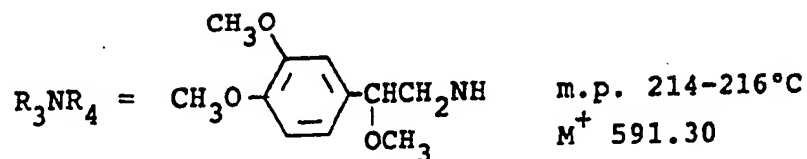
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Example 92:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

25

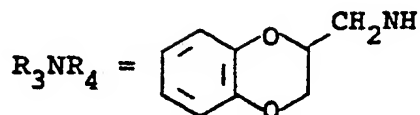


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-44-

Example 93:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

5

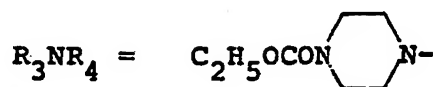


m.p. 192-194°C  
 $M^+$  499.20

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Example 94:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

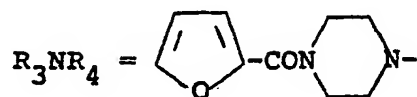
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m.p. 155-156°C  
 $M^+$  478.00

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Example 95:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



m.p. 225-235°C  
 $M^+$  500.00

25

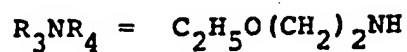
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-45-

Example 96:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

5

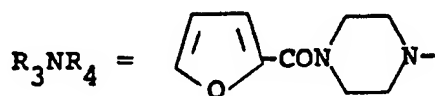


m.p. 185-186°C  
 $M^+$

10

Example 97:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

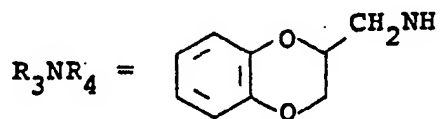
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m.p. 240-242°C  
 $M^+$  560.00

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Example 98:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



m.p. 238.5-240°C  
 $M^+$  545.00

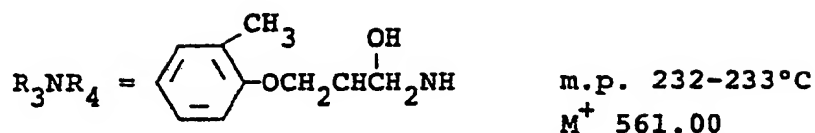
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-46-

Example 99:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

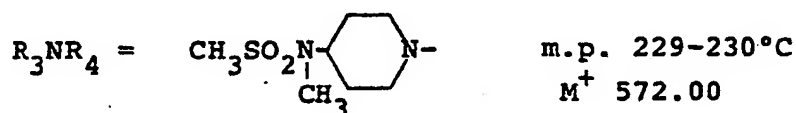
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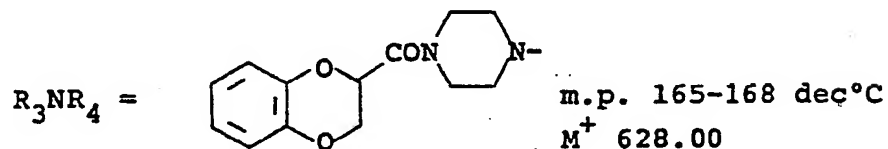
Example 100:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

15



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Example 101:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



25

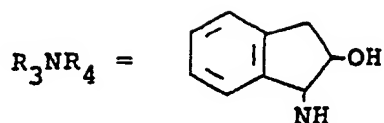
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-47-

Example 102:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

5



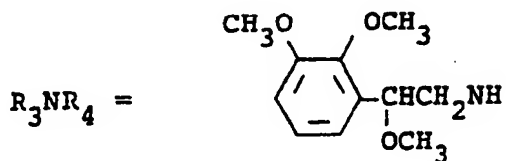
m.p. 206-210°C

 $M^+$  469.30

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Example 103:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;

15



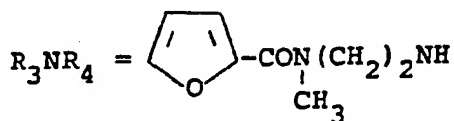
m.p. 200-202°C

 $M^+$  591.00

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Example 104:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;

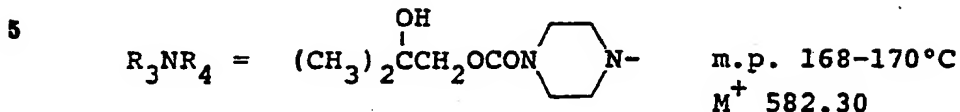
25

 $M^+$  548.30

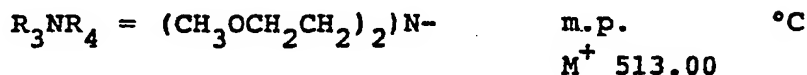
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-48-

Example 105:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



10 Example 106:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;



15

EXAMPLE 107

2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenethylamino)-4-(2,3,4,5-tetrahydro--  
 2-benzazep-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline hydro-  
 20 chloride (I:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_1R_2N = 2,3,4,5\text{-}$   
 tetrahydro-2-benzazep-2-yl;

$R_3 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{-}$ ; and  $R_4 = \text{H}$ )

A. 2-chloro-4-(2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzazep-2-yl)-6,7-  
dimethoxyquinazoline

25

A mixture of 1.0 g of 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-  
 benzazepine, 1.76 g of 2,4-dichloro-6,7-dimethoxyquina-  
 zoline and 1.0 g of triethylamine in 25 ml of methylene  
 chloride was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen  
 for three hours. An additional 290 mg of the  
 30 benzazepine was added and stirring continued over 48

-49-

hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with 100 ml of methylene chloride and the organic solution washed successively with 1N hydrochloric acid (3 x 75 ml), water (2 x 75 ml), a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2 x 75 ml), water (2 x 75 ml) and a brine solution (1 x 75 ml). The organic phase was separated, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated to a foam, 2.15 g. The residue was treated with refluxing methanol and cooled in a refrigerator. The resulting solids were filtered and dried, 1.84 g. A small sample was recrystallized from methanol, m.p. 164-165°C.

B. 2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamino)-4-(2,3,4,5-tetrahydrobenzazep-2-yl)-6,7-dimethoxyquinazoline hydrochloride

A mixture of 1.109 g of the product of Example 107A, 543 mg of 3,4-dimethoxyphenethylamine and 387 mg of diisopropylethylamine in 1.1 g ethoxyethoxyethanol was stirred under nitrogen at 170°C for five hours. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with 5 ml of methylene chloride. This solution was chromatographed without pressure on 60 g of silica gel using methylene chloride as the eluant, taking 15 fractions. Fractions 3-6 were combined and the elution continued under pressure with 2% methanol-methylene chloride, taking 14 fractions. Fractions 8-12 were combined and concentrated to give an oil which was dissolved in 6 ml of 1N hydrogen chloride in methanol. The resulting solids were filtered and dried, 679 mg, m.p. 226-228°C. Fractions 3-6 when carried through the same procedure gave 170 mg of the hydrochloride salt.

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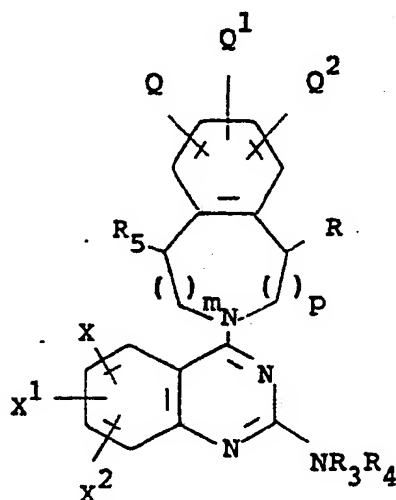
-50-

Anal. Calc'd for  $C_{30}H_{34}N_4O_4 \cdot HCl$ : C, 65.4; H, 10.2; N, 6.4..

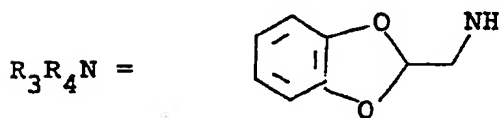
Found: C, 65.3; H, 10.1; N, 6.5.

# EXAMPLES 108-138

Employing the procedure of Example 107 and starting with the appropriate reagents, the following compounds were prepared:



Example 108:  $X = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $X^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $X^2 = H$ ;  $R$ ,  $R_5 = H$ ;  $Q = 6-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^1 = 7-CH_3O$ ;  $Q^2 = H$ ,  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;



m.p. 205-206°C

$M^+$  531.2.

-51-

Example 109:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$   $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q$ ,  $Q^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

5

m.p. 187-188°C

 $M^+$  531.0.

Example 110:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

10

m.p. 156-157°C

 $M^+$  489.0.

Example 111:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

15

m.p. 175-177°C

 $M^+$  561.1.

Example 112:  $X = 6\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

20

m.p. 241-242°C

 $M^+$  509.03.

Example 113:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

25

m.p. 166-167°C

 $M^+$  509.0.

Example 114:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  
 $p = 1$ ;  $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

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m.p. 209°C

 $M^+$  561.27.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-52-

Example 115:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

5

m.p. 106-107°C

 $M^+$  535.3.

Example 116:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

10

m.p. 200-202°C

 $M^+$  535.20.

Example 117:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R,$   
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

15

m.p. 194.5-195.5°C

 $M^+$  561.0.

Example 118:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

20

m.p. 197-198°C

 $M^+$  531.4.

Example 119:  $X = 6\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

25

m.p. 214-215°C

 $M^+$  535.40.

Example 120:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

30

m.p. 178-179°C

 $M^+$  531.4.

-53-

Example 121:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;

$Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 178-179°C

$M^+$  505.3.

Example 122:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R,$

$R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 2\text{-I-4,5-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 216-217°C (free base)

$M^+$  687.0.

Example 123:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R,$

$R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 197-198°C

$M^+$  547.1.

Example 124:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;

$R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-F}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 215-217°C

$M^+$  548.6.

Example 125:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R,$

$R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^2 = 7\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 182-183°C

$M^+$  515.3.

Example 126:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R,$

$R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 1$ ;  $p = 1$ ;

$R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

m.p. 222-223°C

$M^+$  515.3.

-54-

Example 127:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q$ ,  $Q^1$ ,  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 1$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

5

m.p. 218-219°C

 $M^+$  489.2.

Example 128:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4,5\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

10

m.p. 142-150°C

 $M^+$  591.4.

Example 129:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R_5 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}_2$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

15

m.p. 234-235°C

 $M^+$  671.2.

Example 130:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R_5 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}_2$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

20

m.p. 144-145°C

 $M^+$  697.3.

Example 131:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q$ ,  $Q^1$ ,  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

25

m.p. 120-123°C

 $M^+$  531.2.

Example 132:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q$ ,  $Q^1$ ,  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

30

m.p. 206-208°C

 $M^+$  531.6.

-55-

Example 133:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 1$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

5

m.p. 217-219°C

 $M^+$  515.5.

Example 134:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-NH}_2$ ;  $m = 1$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

10

m.p. 213-217°C (free base)

 $M^+$  530.2.

Example 135:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R_5 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}_2$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

15

m.p. 208-209°C

 $M^+$  711.4.

Example 136:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3\text{O})(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

20

m.p. 159-161°C (free base)

 $M^+$  621.4.

Example 137:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 5\text{-OH}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2,3\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

25

m.p. 190-200°C

 $M^+$  547.0.

Example 138:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R$ ,  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 2\text{-Br-4,5-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

30

m.p. 176-179°C

 $M^+$  641.0.

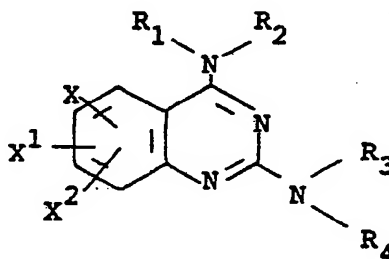
-56-

Example 139:  $X = 5\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $m = 0$ ;  $p = 1$ ;  
 $R_3R_4N = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{NH}$

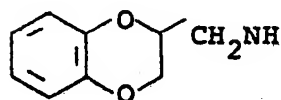
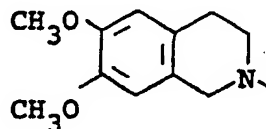
m.p. 141-142°C

 $M^+$  515.0.EXAMPLES 140-147

Using the procedure of Example 107 and starting  
 with the necessary reagents, the following compounds  
 were prepared:



Example 140:  $X\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

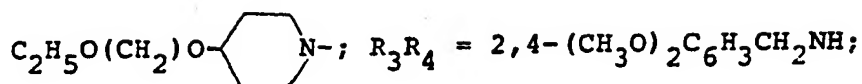
;  $R_3R_4N =$ 

m.p. 204-207°C

 $M^+$  545.2.

-57-

Example 141:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$



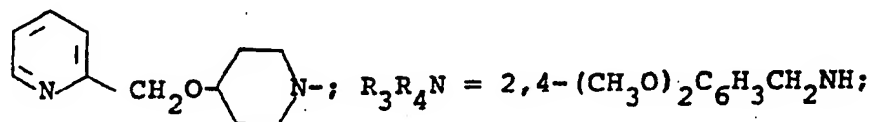
5

m.p. 117-119° (free base)

$M^+$  527.0.

Example 142:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

10

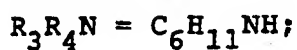


m.p. 146-147°C (free base)

$M^+$  621.4.

15

Example 143:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N = \text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NH}-$ ;

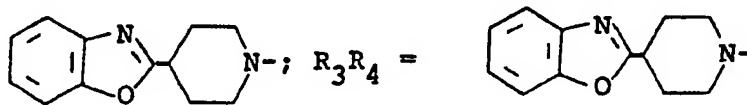


m.p. 162-165°C (free base)

$M^+$  325.0.

20

Example 144:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$



25

m.p. 215-217°C (free base)

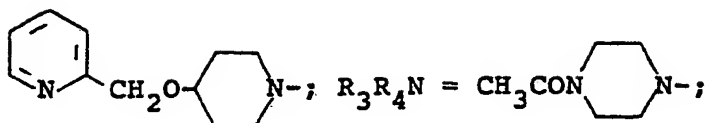
$M^+$  591.0.

30

-58-

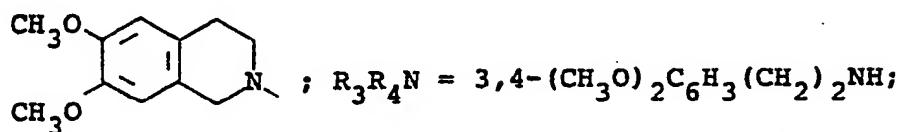
Example 145:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

5

m.p.  $220^\circ\text{C}$ ; $M^+$  507.0.

10

Example 146:  $X = 6\text{-N(CH}_3)_2$ ;  $X^1 X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

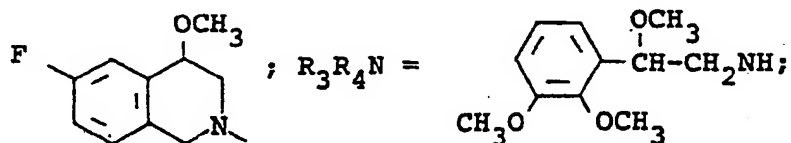


15

m.p.  $193.5\text{--}194.5^\circ\text{C}$  $M^+$  544.3.

Example 147:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

20



25

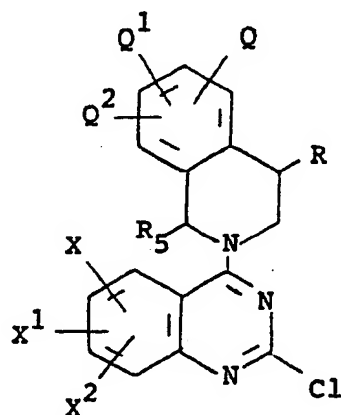
m.p.  $156\text{--}158^\circ\text{C}$  $M^+$  579.3.

30

-59-

PREPARATION A

Employing the procedure of Example 1A and starting with appropriate reagents, the following intermediates were prepared:



Compound 1:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-C}_3\text{H}_7\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 120-121°C.

Compound 2:  $X = 6\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 161-162°C.

Compound 3:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 169-171°C.

Compound 4:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 183-186°C.

Compound 5:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 126-126.5°C.

-60-

Compound 6:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 130-131°C.

5 Compound 7:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $R_5 = 3,4\text{-(CH}_3\text{O)}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{CH}_2$ ;  $R = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 154-156.5°C.

Compound 8:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 162-163°C.

10 Compound 9:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 132-134°C.

Compound 10:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 133-135°C.

Compound 11:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ,  $Q, Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
 15 m.p. 130-131°C.

Compound 12:  $X = 6\text{-F}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-F}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 219-220°C.

Compound 13:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q,$   
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-NO}_2$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 210-212°C.

20 Compound 14:  $X, X^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $X^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 147-149°C.

Compound 15:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 181-184°C.

Compound 16:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 25  $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
 152-153°C.

Compound 17:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 144.5-146°C.

Compound 18:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 30  $Q = 7\text{-NH}_2$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 123-126°C.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

-61-

- Compound 19:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 7\text{-Cl}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 187-189°C.
- 5 Compound 20:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  
 $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 150-153°C.
- Compound 21:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
138-140°C.
- 10 Compound 22:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
140-142°C.
- Compound 23:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R = \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
15 161-164°C.
- Compound 24:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
159-161°C.
- Compound 25:  $X = \text{H}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
20  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
143-143.5°C.
- Compound 26:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p.  
152-153°C.
- 25 Compound 27:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 7\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 169-170°C.
- Compound 28:  $X = 5\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 161-162°C.
- Compound 29:  $X = 6\text{-Cl}$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
30  $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 144-145°C.

-62-

Compound 30:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 5\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p. 138.5-139°C.

5 Compound 31:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q = 5\text{-OH}$ ;  $Q^1 = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p. 221-223°C.

Compound 32:  $X = 5\text{-CH}_3$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 174-175°C.

10 Compound 33:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = \text{H}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ;  
m.p. 138-140°C.

Compound 34:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q$ ,  
 $Q^1 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q^2 = 8\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 204-205°C.

15 Compound 35:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q, Q^1$ ,  
 $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 162-165°C.

Compound 36:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-F}$ ;  
 $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 155-157°C.

20 Compound 37:  $X = 6\text{-N(CH}_3)_2$ ;  $X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  
 $Q^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R, R_5 = \text{H}$ ; amorphous.

Compound 38:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $Q = 6\text{-F}$ ;  
 $Q^1, Q^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R = \text{CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $R_5 = \text{H}$ ; m.p. 195-197°C.

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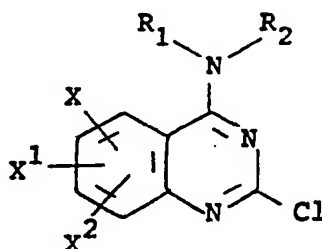
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SUBSTITUTE SHEET

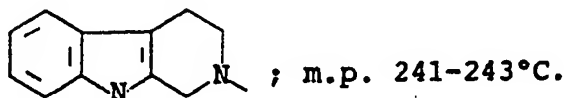
-63-

PREPARATION B

The procedure of Example 1A was repeated starting with the required materials to give the following intermediates:

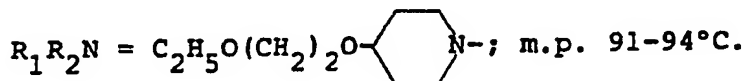


Compound 39:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$



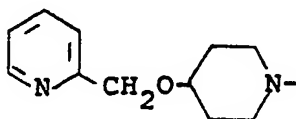
; m.p. 241-243°C.

Compound 40:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;



; m.p. 91-94°C.

Compound 41:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

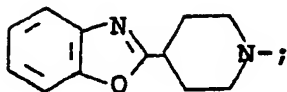


m.p. 149-150°C

-64-

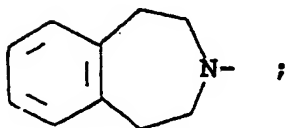
Compound 42:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

5



Compound 43:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

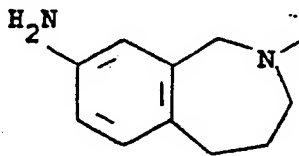
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m.p. 174-176°C.

Compound 44:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$

15



; m.p. 300°C.

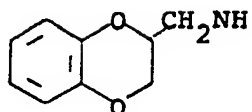
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Compound 45:  $X = 6\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^1 = 7\text{-CH}_3\text{O}$ ;  $X^2 = \text{H}$ ;  $R_1R_2N =$



; m.p. 115-119°C.

Compound 46:  $X, X^1, X^2 = \text{H}$ ,  $R_1R_2N = \text{C}_6\text{H}_{11}\text{NH}$ ; m.p. 85-89°C.

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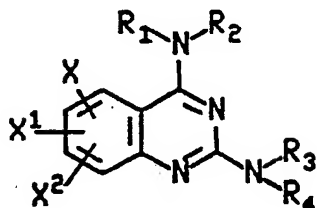
-66-

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CLAIMS

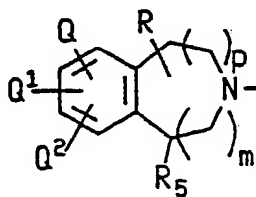
1. A compound of the formula

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and a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof wherein X and X¹ are each hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms, alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms, bromo, iodo, nitro, amino, alkylamino having one to three carbon atoms, (CH₃)₂S⁺, aminomethyl, methylsulfinyl, dialkylaminomethyl having three to seven carbon atoms, methylthio, hydroxymethyl, benzoylamino, substituted benzoylamino wherein said substituent is azido, methoxy, methyl, fluoro, chloro or trifluoromethyl, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon atoms, 4-methylpiperazino, morpholino, thiomorpholino, piperazino, piperidino, pyrrolidino, dialkylamino having two to six carbon atoms, fluoro or chloro; X² is hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms; X and X¹ together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy; R₁ is alkoxylalkyl said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having three to seven carbon atoms, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl; R₂ is hydrogen, alkyl having one to eight carbon atoms or benzyl; R₁ and R₂ when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form

35 (a) a moiety of the formula



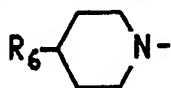
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-67-

wherein Q is hydrogen, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms, hydroxy, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon atoms, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms, bromo, iodo, fluoro, chloro, nitro, morpholino, amino, alkylamino having one to three carbon atoms or dialkylamino having two to six carbon atoms, Q<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>1</sup> and Q<sup>2</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy, R is hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, m is an integer of 0-2, p is an integer of 1-2, R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen or dialkoxybenzyl said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and R and R<sub>1</sub> together are alkylene having one to three carbon atoms,

(b) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-beta-carbol-2-yl

(c) piperidino of the formula



20

wherein R<sub>6</sub> is pyridylmethoxy, alkoxyalkyleneoxy said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having from two to three carbon atoms or benzoxazol-2-

25 ylmethyl

(d) octahydroisoindol-2-yl or

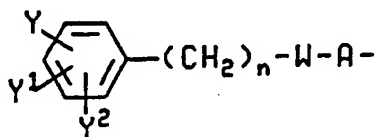
(e) decahydroisoquinol-2-yl;

R<sub>3</sub> is

(a) cycloalkyl having three to seven carbon atoms,

30 (b) benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl,

(c) aralkyl of the formula

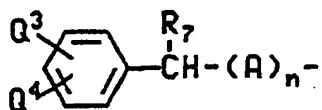


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-68-

wherein  $n$  is an integer of 1 or 0,  $W$  is O, S or a chemical bond,  $A$  is alkyl having one to four carbon atoms,  $Y$  is hydrogen, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms, alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, fluoro, chloro, bromo, hydroxy, benzyloxy, nitro, dimethylamino or amino,  $Y^1$  is hydrogen, alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, chloro, fluoro, hydroxy or benzyloxy,  $Y^2$  is hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Y$  and  $Y^1$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

10 (d) aralkyl of the formula

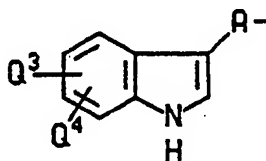


15 wherein  $R_7$  is hydroxy, alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms or  $C_6H_5(CH_2)_t-$ ,  $n$  is 1,  $t$  is an integer of 0 or 1,  $A$  is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

20 (e) pyridylalkyl said alkyl having from one to four carbon atoms,

(f) alkoxyalkyl said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon atoms,

25 (g) indolylalkyl of the formula

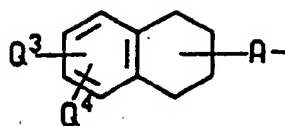


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wherein  $A$  is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

35 (h) tetrahydronaphthalene of the formula

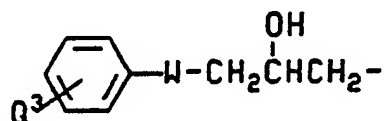
-69-



5 wherein A is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(i) aralkanol of the formula

10

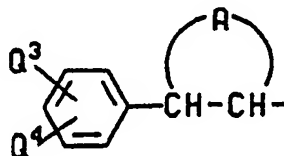


wherein W is O, S or a chemical bond and Q<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or  
15 alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,

(j) 2,3-dihydro-2-hydroxyinden-1-yl,

(k) aracycloalkyl of the formula

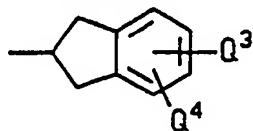
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wherein A is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms, Q<sup>3</sup> and  
25 Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(l) indene of the formula

30



wherein Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to  
three carbon atoms and Q<sup>3</sup> and Q<sup>4</sup> together are ethylenedioxy  
35 or methylenedioxy,

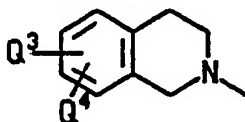
(m) naphthyl or

-70-

(n) 1-methylpyrrol-2-yl;

$R_4$  is hydrogen or alkyl having on to eight carbon atoms, and  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form

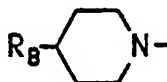
5 (a) a tetrahydro isoquinoline of the formula



10 wherein  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(b) piperidino of the formula

15



wherein  $R_8$  is benzyl, alkoxyalkyleneoxy said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having two to three carbon atoms or alkyl sulfonamide of the formula

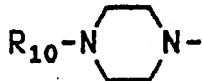
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25 wherein  $R_9$  is alkyl having from one to four carbon atoms,

(c) 3-methyl-3-phenylpiperidino or

(d) piperazino of the formula



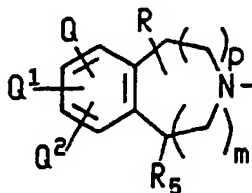
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wherein  $R_{10}$  is hydrogen, alkoxycarbonyl having from two to six carbon atoms, acyl having one to six carbon atoms, hydroxyalkoxy carbonyl having three to six carbon atoms, furoyl, benzoxazol-2-yl, pyrimid-2-yl or benzodioxan-2-carbonyl.

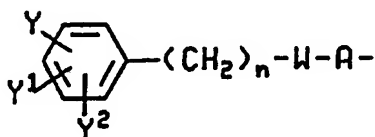
2. A compound of claim 1, wherein  $X$  and  $X^1$  are each alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms,  $X^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_1$

-71-

and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



wherein  $Q^1$  is alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, R and  $R_5$  are each hydrogen, p is 1 and m is 0,  $R_2$  is aralkyl of the formula



wherein  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2$  are each methoxy, n is 0, W is a chemical bond and A is ethylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen.

3. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 5-hydroxy,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 2-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 3-methoxy.

4. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy.

5. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 2-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 3-methoxy.

6. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q and  $Q^2$  are each hydrogen,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy.

7. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 5-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 6-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen,  $Y^1$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 4-methoxy.

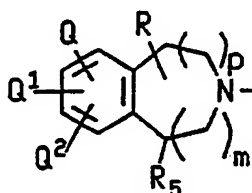
8. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, Y is 2-bromo,  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy and  $Y^2$  is 5-methoxy.

-72-

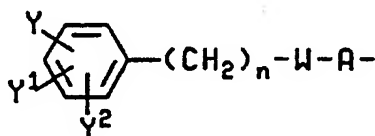
9. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy, X<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 8-methoxy, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen, Y<sup>1</sup> is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>2</sup> is 4-methoxy.

10. The compound of claim 2, wherein X is 6-methoxy, X<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, Y is hydrogen, Y<sup>1</sup> is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>2</sup> is 4-methoxy.

11. A compound of claim 1, wherein X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> are each hydrogen, R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



wherein Q and Q<sup>1</sup> are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R and R<sub>5</sub> are each hydrogen, p is 1 and m is 0, R<sub>3</sub> is aralkyl of the formula



wherein Y<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, n is 0, W is a chemical bond and A is ethylene and R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen.

12. The compound of claim 11, wherein X is 5-methoxy, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 2-chloro and Y<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen.

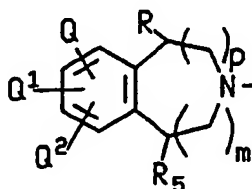
13. The compound of claim 11, wherein X is 5-chloro, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> 7-methoxy, Y is 2-chloro and Y<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen.

14. The compound of claim 11, wherein X is 5-methyl, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy.

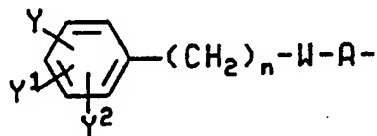
15. The compound of claim 11, wherein X is 6-dimethyl-amino, Q is 6-methoxy, Q<sup>1</sup> is 7-methoxy, Y is 3-methoxy and Y<sup>1</sup> is 4-methoxy.

-73-

16. A compound of claim 1, wherein X and X' are each alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms, X<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



wherein Q<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen and p is 1-2, R<sub>3</sub> is aralkyl of the formula



wherein Y and Y¹ are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, Y² is hydrogen, n is 0, W is a chemical bond, A is ethylene and R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen.

17. The compound of claim 16, wherein X is 6-methoxy, X¹ is 7-methoxy, Q and Q¹ are each hydrogen, p is 1, R is methoxy, m is 0, Y is 2-methoxy and Y¹ is 3-methoxy.

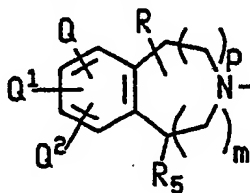
18. The compound of claim 16, wherein X is 6-methoxy, X¹ is 7-methoxy, Q and Q¹ are each hydrogen, p is 2, R is hydrogen, m is 0, Y is 3-methoxy and Y¹ is 4-methoxy.

19. The compound of claim 16, wherein X is 6-methoxy, X¹ is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-amino, Q¹ is

-74-

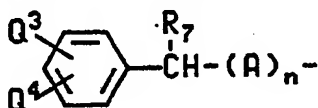
hydrogen, R is hydrogen,  $m$  is 0,  $p$  is 1, Y is 3-methoxy and  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy.

20. A compound of claim 1, wherein X and  $X^1$  are each alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms,  $X^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



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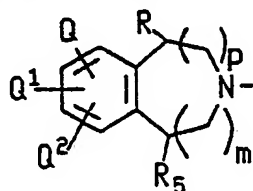
- wherein Q and  $Q^1$  are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen, R and  $R_5$  are each hydrogen,  $p$  is 1,  $m$  is 0,  $R_3$  is aralkyl of the formula



- 20 wherein  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $R_7$  is methoxy,  $n$  is 1, A is methylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen.

21. The compound of claim 20, wherein X is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy, Q is 7-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 8-methoxy,  $Q^3$  is 2-methoxy and  $Q^4$  is 4-methoxy.

22. A compound of claim 1, wherein X and  $X^1$  are each alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms,  $X^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula

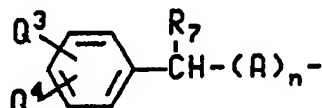


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-75-

wherein  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  are each hydrogen,  $R_3$  is hydrogen,  $p$  is 1,  $m$  is 0,  $R_4$  is aralkyl of the formula

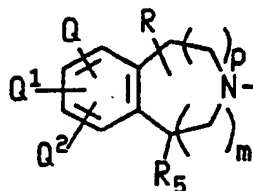


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wherein  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $R_7$  is methoxy,  $n$  is 1,  $A$  is methylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen.

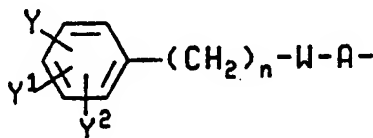
10 23. The compound of claim 22, wherein  $X$  is 6-methoxy,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q$  is 6-fluoro,  $R$  is methoxy,  $Q^3$  is 2-methoxy and  $Q^4$  is 3-methoxy.

24. A compound of claim 1, wherein  $X^1$  is alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms,  $X^2$  is hydrogen,  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken  
15 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a moiety of the formula



20

wherein  $Q$  and  $Q^1$  are each alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $Q^2$  is hydrogen,  $p$  is 1,  $m$  is 0,  $R_3$  is aralkyl of the  
25 formula



30 wherein  $Y^2$  is hydrogen,  $n$  is 0,  $W$  is a chemical bond,  $A$  is ethylene and  $R_4$  is hydrogen.

25. The compound of claim 24, wherein  $X$  is 6-chloro,  $X^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $Q$  is 6-methoxy,  $Q^1$  is 7-methoxy,  $R$  and  $R_3$  are each hydrogen,  $Y$  is 3-methoxy and  $Y^1$  is 4-methoxy.

35 26. A method of inhibiting a P-glycoprotein in a mammal in need of such treatment which comprises adminis-

-76-

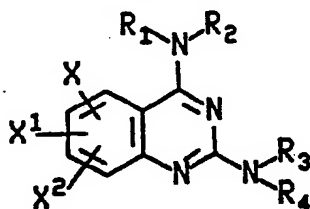
tering to said mammal a P-glycoprot in inhibiting amount of a compound according to claim 1.

27. A method of claim 26, wherein the mammal is a human suffering from cancer and said compound is administered before, with or after the administration to said human of an anticancer effective amount of a chemotherapeutic agent.

28. A pharmaceutical composition for administration to a mammal which comprises a P-glycoprotein inhibiting amount of a compound of claim 1, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and, optionally, an anticancer effective amount of a chemotherapeutic agent.

29. A process for preparing a compound of the formula

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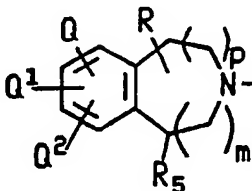


20 and a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof wherein X and X<sup>1</sup> are each hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms, alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms, bromo, nitro, iodo, methylsulfinyl, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S<sup>+</sup>, amino, alkylamino having one to three carbon atoms, methylthio, aminomethyl, 25 dialkylaminomethyl having three to seven carbon atoms, hydroxymethyl, morpholino, thiomorpholino, piperazino, benzoylamino, substituted benzoylamino wherein said substituent is azido, methoxy, methyl, fluoro, chloro or trifluoromethyl, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon 30 atoms, 4-methylpiperizino, piperidino, pyrrolidino, dialkylamino having two to six carbon atoms, fluoro or chloro; X<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to four carbon atoms; X and X<sup>1</sup> together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy; R<sub>1</sub> is cycloalkyl having 35 three to seven carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon atoms, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or

-77-

benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl;  $R_2$  is hydrogen, alkyl having one to eight carbon atoms or benzyl;  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form

(a) a moiety of the formula

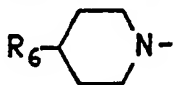


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wherein  $Q$  is hydrogen, alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, hydroxy, alkanoylamino having two to four carbon atoms, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms, bromo, iodo, fluoro, chloro, nitro, amino, morpholino, alkylamino having one to three carbon atoms or dialkylamino having two to six carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^2$  is hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,  $R$  is hydrogen, alkyl having one to four carbon atoms or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,  $m$  is an integer of 0-2,  $p$  is an integer of 1-2,  $R_5$  is hydrogen or dialkoxybenzyl said alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $R$  and  $R_5$  together are alkylene having one to three carbon atoms,

(b) 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-beta-carbol-2-yl,

(c) piperidino of the formula



30

wherein  $R_6$  is pyridylmethoxy, alkoxyalkyleneoxy said alkoxy having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having from two to three carbon atoms or benzoxazol-2-ylmethyl

35

(d) octahydroisoindol-2-yl or

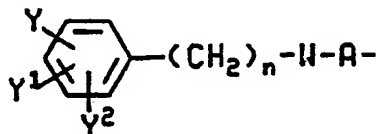
(e) decahydroisoquinol-2-yl;

-78-

R<sub>3</sub> is

- (a) cycloalkyl having three to seven carbon atoms,
- (b) benzodioxan-2-ylmethyl,
- (c) aralkyl of the formula

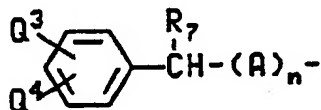
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wherein  $n$  is an integer of 1 or 0,  $W$  is O, S or a chemical  
 10 bond,  $A$  is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Y$  is  
 hydrogen, alkyl having one to three carbon atoms, alkoxy  
 having one to three carbon atoms, fluoro, chloro, bromo,  
 hydroxy, benzyloxy, nitro, dimethylamino or amino,  $Y^1$  is  
 15 hydrogen, alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms, chloro,  
 fluoro, hydroxy or benzyloxy,  $Y^2$  is hydrogen or alkoxy having  
 one to three carbon atoms and  $Y$  and  $Y^1$  together are ethylene-  
 dioxy or methylenedioxy,

- (d) aralkyl of the formula

20



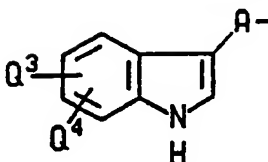
wherein  $R_7$  is hydroxy, alkoxy having one to three carbon  
 atoms or  $C_6H_5(CH_2)_t$ ,  $n$  is 1,  $t$  is an integer of 0 or 1,  $A$  is  
 25 alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each  
 hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$   
 and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

- (e) pyridylalkyl said alkyl having from one to four  
 carbon atoms,

- 30 (f) alkoxyalkyl said alkoxy having from one to three  
 carbon atoms and said alkyl having two to three carbon  
 atoms,

-79-

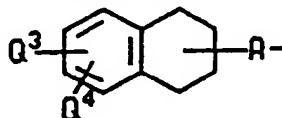
(g) indolylalkyl of the formula



5

wherein A is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

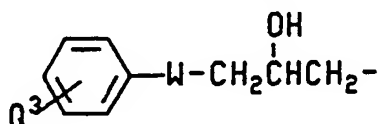
(h) tetrahydronaphthalene of the formula



15

wherein A is alkylene having one to four carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(i) aralkanol of the formula



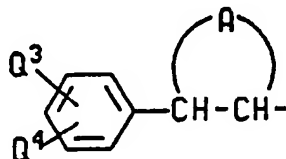
25

wherein W is O, S or a chemical bond and  $Q^3$  is hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms,

(j) 2,3-dihydro-2-hydroxyinden-1-yl,

(k) aracylcoalkyl of the formula

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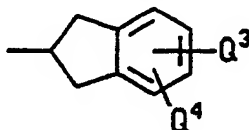


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-80-

wherein A is alkylene having one to five carbon atoms,  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

- 5 (1) indene of the formula



- 10 wherein  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

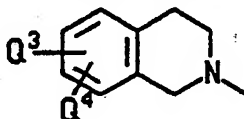
(m) naphthyl or

(n) 1-methylpyrrol-2-yl;

- 15  $R_4$  is hydrogen or alkyl having one to eight carbon atoms, and  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  when taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form

(a) a tetrahydro isoquinoline of the formula

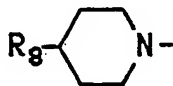
20



- 25 wherein  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  are each hydrogen or alkoxy having one to three carbon atoms and  $Q^3$  and  $Q^4$  together are ethylenedioxy or methylenedioxy,

(b) piperidino of the formula

30

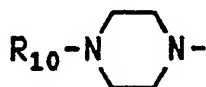


wherein R<sub>4</sub> is benzyl, alkoxyalkylene oxy said alkyl having from one to three carbon atoms and said alkylene having two to three carbon atoms or alkyl sulfonamide of the formula

5

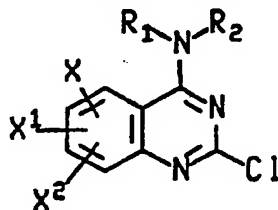


10 (c) 3-methyl-3-phenylpiperidino or  
(d) piperazino of the formula



15

wherein R<sub>10</sub> is hydrogen, alkoxycarbonyl having from two to six carbon atoms, acyl having one to six carbon atoms, hydroxyalkoxy carbonyl having three to six carbon atoms, furoyl, benzoxazol-2-yl, pyrimid-2-yl or benzodioxan-2-  
20 carbonyl, which comprises reacting a compound of the formula



**25**

wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $X$ ,  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are defined with a compound of the formula

30




where R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are defined in a reaction-inert solvent containing one equivalent of an amine-acid scavenger at a  
35 reaction temperature of 100-200°C until the reaction is substantially complete.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 91/07254

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC		
Int.Cl. 5	C07D401/04; C07D413/14;	C07D403/04; A61K31/505
C07D405/14; C07D401/14		
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup>		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
Int.Cl. 5	C07D	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>		
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT<sup>9</sup></b>		
Category <sup>10</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>
X	JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY vol. 28, 1985, WASHINGTON pages 12 - 17; J. MILLEN ET AL.: '2-(beta-ARYLETHYLAMINO)- and 4-(beta-ARYLETHYLAMINO)QUINAZOLINES as PHOSPHODIESTERASE INHIBITORS' cited in the application SEE ON PAGE 12, PAGES 15 TO 17	1,26-29
A	EP,A,0 322 133 (SMITHKLINE BECKMAN INTERCREDIT) 28 June 1989 cited in the application see claims	1,26-29
A	FR,A,2 389 614 (SYNTHELABO) 1 December 1978 see claims	1,26-29
<p><sup>10</sup> Special categories of cited documents:</p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"A" document member of the same patent family</p>		
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b>		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report	
19 FEBRUARY 1992	06.03.92	
International Searching Authority	Signature of Authorized Officer	
EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	FRANCOIS J.C. 	

**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT  
ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO. US 9107254  
SA 54158**

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report.  
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information. 19/02/92

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A-0322133	28-06-89	AU-A- 2823089	05-07-89
		CN-A- 1033380	14-06-89
		WO-A- 8905297	15-06-89
		JP-T- 2502462	09-08-90
FR-A-2389614	01-12-78	None	

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For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82

